

Key Words – Class Mammalia

Infra-Class Ornithodelphia
Infra-Class Metatheria
Infra-Class Eutheria
Mammalia Tegument
Epidermis
Stratum corneum
Dermis
Vascularized
Sweat glands
Eccrines
Apocrines
Major Histo-compatibility complex
Sebaceous glands
Sebum
Hair follicle
Keratin
Erector muscles
Piloerection
Goose bumps
Sensory innervation
Vibrissae
Mammary glands
Milk
Nipples
Milk duct
Adipose tissue
Connective tissue
Collagen
Cistern
Feeding
Hard palate
Soft palate
Epiglottis
Advanced chewing
Dentition
Dental formula
Incisors
Canines
Premolars
Molars
Tooth specialization
Heterodonty
Tooth replacement

Diphydont
Lung anatomy
Trachea
Bronchi
Bronchioles
Alveoli
Capillaries
Inter-costal muscles
Diaphragm
Internal ear
Middle ear
External ear
Helix
Lobe
External auditory canal
Tympanum
Tympanic membrane
Ear ossicles
Auditory tube
Eustachian tube
Semi-circular canals
Tympanic cavity
Round window
Cochlea
Cochlear nerve
Otoliths
Macula
Receptor hair cells
Gelatinous material
Circulatory system
Four-chambered heart
Double circuit
Superior/anterior vena cava
Inferior/posterior vena cava
Left atrium
Right atrium
Left ventricle
Right ventricle
Aortic arch
Pulmonary artery
Pulmonary vein
Dorsal aorta
Male reproductive anatomy
Penis
Erectile tissue
Glans penis

Urethra
Testicle
Epididymis
Seminiferous tubules
Vas deferens
Bladder
Ureter
Seminal vesicle
Prostate gland
Bulbo-urethral gland
Rectum
Female reproductive anatomy
Ovaries
Fallopian tubes
Oviduct
Uterus
Bladder
Ureter
Clitoris
Vagina
Cervix
Rectum
Ornithodelphia
Oviparity
Monotremes
Metatheria
Viviparity
Marsupials
Abdominal pouch
Eutheria
Placental gestation
Embryo
Chorionic villi
Endometrium
Uterus
Fetus
Parental care
Feeding
Protection
Teaching behaviours
Complex mammal lives
Evolution of humans
Arboreal ancestors
Brachiation
Bipedal locomotion
Skeletal modifications

Australopithecines
Different species of humans
Homo neanderthalensis
Homo sapiens